



# YSR315S503



## 1. SCOPE

This specification is applied to a SAW resonator designed for the stabilization of transmitters such as garage door openers and security transmitters.

## 2. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

### 2.1 Maximum Rating

DC Voltage VDC	10V
AC Voltage Vpp	10V 50Hz/60Hz
Operation temperature	-40°C to + 85°C
Storage temperature	-45°C to + 85°C
Max Input Power	10 dBm

### 2.2 Electronic Characteristics

Item	Units	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Center Frequency	MHz	314.925	315.000	315.075
Insertion Loss	dB		1.5	2.2
Quality Factor Unload Q		8000	12800	
50Ω Loaded Q		1000	2000	
Temperature Turnover Temperature	°C	10	25	40
Stability Freq.temp.Coefficient	ppm/°C <sup>2</sup>		0.037	
Frequency Aging	ppm/yr		≤±10	
DC. Insulation Resistance	MΩ	1.0		
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance R1	Ω	17	26
	Motional Inductance L1	μH	109.28	
	Motional Capacitance C1	fF	2.3357	
Transducer Static Capacitance	pF		2.7	

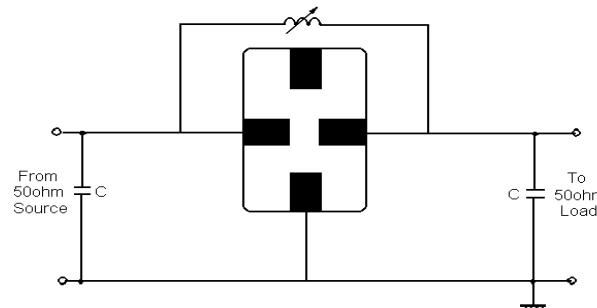




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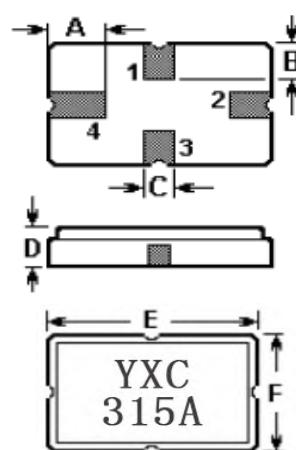


### 3. TEST CIRCUIT



### 4. DIMENSION

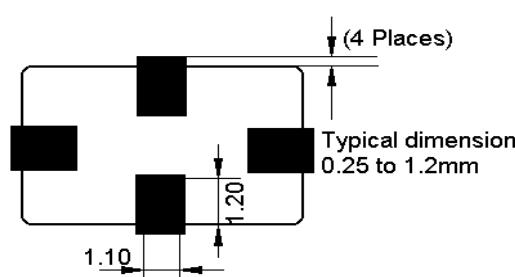
4-1 Typical dimension (unit:mm)

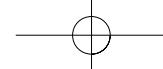


Sign	Data (unit: mm)	Sign	Data (unit: mm)
A	1.2±0.1	D	1.4±0.1
B	0.8±0.1	E	5.0±0.1
C	0.5	F	3.5±0.1

Pin	Configuration
1	Input / Output
3	Output / Input
2/4	Case Ground

4-2 Typical circuit board land patter





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## 5. ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 5-1 High temperature exposure

Subject the device to +85°C for 16 hours. Then release the filter into the room conditions for 24 hours prior to the measurement. It shall fulfill the specifications in 2-2.

### 5-2 Low temperature exposure

Subject the device to -40°C for 16 hours. Then release the device into the room conditions for 24 hours prior to the measurement. It shall fulfill the specifications in 2-2.

### 5-3 Temperature cycling

Subject the device to a low temperature of -40°C for 30 minutes. Following by a high temperature of +85°C for 30 Minutes. Then release the device into the room conditions for 24 hours prior to the measurement. It shall meet the specifications in 2-2.

### 5-4 Resistance to solder heat

Dip the device terminals no closer than 1.5mm into the solder bath at 260°C ±10°C for 10±1 sec. Then release the device into the room conditions for 4 hours. The device shall meet the specifications in 2-2.

### 5-5 Solderability

Subject the device terminals into the solder bath at 245°C ±5°C for 5s More than 95% area of the terminals must be covered with new solder. It shall meet the specifications in 2-2.

### 5-6 Mechanical shock

Drop the device randomly onto the concrete floor from the height of 1m 3 times. the device shall fulfill the specifications in 2-2.

### 5-7 Vibration

Subject the device to the vibration for 1 hour each in x, y and z axes with the amplitude of 1.5 mm at 10 to 55Hz. The device shall fulfill the specifications in 2-2.

## 6. REMARK

### 6.1 Static voltage

Static voltage between signal load & ground may cause deterioration & destruction of the component. Please avoid static voltage.

### 6.2 Ultrasonic cleaning

Ultrasonic vibration may cause deterioration & destruction of the component. Please avoid ultrasonic cleaning

### 6.3 Soldering

Only leads of component may be soldered. Please avoid soldering another part of component.

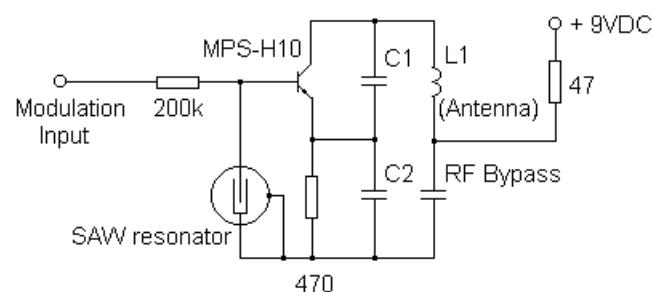


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## 7. TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

Typical low-power Transmitter Application



Typical Local Oscillator Application

